EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT – A38 MANADON INTERCHANGE DEVELOPMENT FUNDING TO FINAL BUSINESS CASE

SECTION ONE: INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROPOSAL

Author(s):	Sally Farley	Department and service:	Place - SP&I – Strategic	Date of	25 June 2025
The person completing the EIA template.			Transport	assessment:	
Lead Officer:	Philip Heseltine	Signature:		Approval	25 June 2025
Head of Service, Service Director, or Strategic Director.			W. Halle	date:	
Overview:	The Plymouth and South Wes as a Growth Area because of The A38 Manadon Interchang Road, the primary route to th Manadon Interchange current worst performing junctions of The Manadon scheme will see	ery	roduce a Full Business Case. 2034 (JLP) identifies Derriford ally significant scale of growth which connects the A38 trunk in Road and Mannamead Road frestion and delays, particularly and Network.	d and the Northorin new jobs and road to the A38 rom the City Ce at peak times, an	ern Corridor new homes. 6 Tavistock ntre. The A38 d is one of the
Decision required:	It is recommended that the C	abinet			

- I. Approves the Business Case attached to the report.
- Allocates £12,808,832 for the project into the Capital Programme funded by:
 £8,897,042 ringfenced Department for Transport grant funding allocated specifically for this scheme.
 £3,911,790 un-ringfenced Integrated Transport Block grant funding that PCC is able to use to fund its transport priorities.
- 3. Authorises the procurement process set out in the report.
- 4. Delegates contract award decisions to the Service Director for Strategic Planning and Infrastructure where they do not already have authority to do so.

SECTION TWO: EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT SCREENING TOOL

Potential external impacts:	Yes		No	x
Does the proposal have the potential to negatively impact service users, communities or residents with protected characteristics?				
Potential internal impacts:	Yes		No	x
Does the proposal have the potential to negatively impact Plymouth City Council employees?				
Is a full Equality Impact Assessment required? (if you have answered yes to either of the questions above then a full impact assessment is required and you must complete section three)	Yes		No	x
If you do not agree that a full equality impact assessment is required, please set out your justification for why not.	This is to accompany a Cabinet Decision to approve funding to continue to develop the A38 Manadon Interchange scheme to produce the final business case. Therefore, this decision has no impact on equality and does not require a full equality impact assessment. The scheme is still at an early stage, as		Manadon business act on ity impact	

the scheme progresses further decisions will be
required which may require a full EqIA submission.

SECTION THREE: FULL EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Protected characteristics (Equality Act, 2010)	Evidence and information (e.g. data and consultation feedback)	Adverse impact	Mitigation activities	Timescale and responsible department
Age	 Plymouth 16.4 per cent of people in Plymouth are children aged under 15. 65.1 per cent are adults aged 15 to 64. 18.5 percent are adults aged 65 and over. 2.4 percent of the resident population are 85 and over. South West 15.9 per cent of people are aged 0 to 14, 61.8 per cent are aged 15 to 64. 22.3 per cent are aged 65 and over. England 17.4 per cent of people are aged 0 to 14. 64.2 per cent of people are aged 15 to 64. 18.4 per cent of people are aged 65 and over. 			
	(2021 Census)			

Care experienced individuals (Note that as per the Independent Review of Children's Social Care	It is estimated that 26 per cent of the homeless population in the UK have care experience. In Plymouth there are currently 7 per cent of care leavers open to the service (6 per cent aged 18-20 and 12 per cent of those aged 21+) who are in unsuitable accommodation. The Care Review reported that 41 per cent of 19-21 year old care leavers are not in	No adverse impact is anticipated	
Plymouth City Council is treating care experience	education, employment or training (NEET)		
as though it is a protected characteristic).	In Plymouth there are currently 50 per cent of care leavers aged 18-21 Not in Education Training or Employment (54 per cent of all those care leavers aged 18-24 who are open to the service).		
	There are currently 195 care leavers aged 18 to 20 (statutory service) and 58 aged 21 to 24 (extended offer). There are more care leavers aged 21 to 24 who could return for support from services if they wished to.	1	
Disability	9.4 per cent of residents in Plymouth have their activities limited 'a lot' because of a physical or mental health problem.	No adverse impact is anticipated	
	12.2 per cent of residents in Plymouth have their activities limited 'a little' because of a physical or mental health problem (2021 Census)		

Gender reassignment	0.5 per cent of residents in Plymouth have a gender identity that is different from their sex registered at birth. 0.1 per cent of residents identify as a trans man, 0.1 per cent identify as non-binary and, 0.1 per cent identify as a trans women (2021 Census).	No adverse impact is anticipated	
Marriage and civil partnership	40.1 per cent of residents have never married and never registered a civil partnership. 10 per cent are divorced, 6 percent are widowed, with 2.5 per cent are separated but still married.	No adverse impact is anticipated	
	0.49 per cent of residents are, or were, married or in a civil partnerships of the same sex. 0.06 per cent of residents are in a civil partnerships with the opposite sex (2021 Census).		
Pregnancy and maternity	The total fertility rate (TFR) for England was I.62 children per woman in 2021. The total fertility rate (TFR) for Plymouth in 2021 was I.5.	No adverse impact is anticipated	

Race	In 2021, 94.9 per cent of Plymouth's population identified their ethnicity as White, 2.3 per cent as Asian and 1.1 per cent as Black (2021 Census)	No adverse impact is anticipated	
	People with a mixed ethnic background comprised 1.8 per cent of the population. I per cent of the population use a different term to describe their ethnicity (2021 Census)		
	92.7 per cent of residents speak English as their main language. 2021 Census data shows that after English, Polish, Romanian, Chinese, Portuguese, and Arabic are the most spoken languages in Plymouth (2021 Census).		
Religion or belief	48.9 per cent of the Plymouth population stated they had no religion. 42.5 per cent of the population identified as Christian (2021 Census).	No adverse impact is anticipated	
	Those who identified as Muslim account for 1.3 per cent of Plymouth's population while Hindu, Buddhist, Jewish or Sikh combined totalled less than 1 per cent (2021 Census).		
Sex	51 per cent of our population are women and 49 per cent are men (2021 Census).	No adverse impact is anticipated	
Sexual orientation	88.95 per cent of residents aged 16 years and over in Plymouth describe their sexual orientation as straight or heterosexual. 2.06 per cent describe their sexuality as bisexual, 1.97 per cent of people describe their sexual orientation as gay or lesbian. 0.42 per cent of residents describe their sexual orientation using a different term (2021 Census).	No adverse impact is anticipated	

SECTION FOUR: HUMAN RIGHTS IMPLICATIONS

Human Rights	Implications	•	Timescale and responsible department

SECTION FIVE: OUR EQUALITY OBJECTIVES

Equality objectives	Implications	Mitigation Actions	Timescale and responsible department
Work together in partnership to:			
promote equality, diversity and inclusion			
facilitate community cohesion			
 support people with different backgrounds and lived experiences to get on well together 			
Give specific consideration to care experienced people to improve their life outcomes, including access to training, employment and housing.			
Build and develop a diverse workforce that represents the community and citizens it serves.			
Support diverse communities to feel confident to report crime and anti-social behaviour, including hate crime and hate incidents, and work with partners to ensure Plymouth is a city where everybody feels safe and welcome.			